

Model Questions
English (Honours) Paper - I
T D C Part I, 2019-20

1. How many sonnets did Shakespeare write in all?

- (A) 152
- (B) 155
- (C) 154
- (D) 153

2. To whom did Shakespeare dedicate his first Narrative poem Venus and Adonais?

- (A) Queen Elizabeth
- (B) James I
- (C) Earl of Southampton
- (D) Ben Jonson

3. Who has written Tales from Shakespeare?

- (A) John Clare
- (B) Charles Lamb
- (C) Samuel Rogers
- (D) Thomas Love Peacock

4. The phrase "'What's in a name?'" occurs in

- (A) Othello
- (B) Hamlet
- (C) Romeo and Juliet
- (D) Julius Caesar

5. Who has written the critical book, Characters of Shakespeare's Plays?

- (A) Addison
- (B) Coleridge
- (C) Hazlitt
- (D) Arnold

6. What is Rape of Lucrece?

- (A) A sonnet
- (B) A narrative poem
- (C) An early comedy
- (D) A scene in Coriolanus

7. In which year were Shakespeare's Sonnets published?

- (A) 1598
- (B) 1600
- (C) 1609
- (D) 1616

8. "Life is a tale told by an idiot" is uttered by

- (A) Hamlet
- (B) Othello

- (C) Lear
- (D) Macbeth

9. Who said that Shakespeare knew "little Latin and less Greek"?

- (A) Marlowe
- (B) Ben Jonson
- (C) Samuel Johnson
- (D) Dryden

10. Which of the following was the last play written by Shakespeare?

- (A) Hamlet
- (B) Twelfth Night
- (C) Winter's Tale
- (D) The Tempest

11. Shakespeare's Roman plays are based on which of the following sources?

- (A) North's Plutarch
- (B) Holinshed's Chronicles
- (C) The Palace of Pleasure
- (D) Ancient Tales

12. Who among the following called Hamlet an "artistic failure"?

- (A) T.S. Eliot
- (B) C.S. Lewis
- (C) Ernest Jones
- (D) Cleanth Brooks

13. Shakespeare addressed his sonnets to a male named

- (A) Mr. W.H.
- (B) Marlowe
- (C) Mr. H.W.
- (D) Dark Gentleman

14. In which of the following tragedies of Shakespeare is there the role of a ghost?

- (A) Othello
- (B) Hamlet
- (C) Macbeth
- (D) King Lear

15. Who is the hero of Spenser's Faerie Queene?

- (A) Morpheus
- (B) Phoebus
- (C) King Arthur
- (D) Archimago

16. Who calls Spenser the Poet's Poet?

- (A) Sidney
- (B) Hazlitt
- (C) Charles Lamb

(D) Mathew Arnold

17. To whom does Spenser dedicate his Shepheard's Calendar?

- (A) Sir Walter Raleigh
- (B) Queen Elizabeth
- (C) Prince Arthur
- (D) Sir Philip Sidney

18. Sidney's Arcadia is similar to

- (A) Spenser's Epithalamion
- (B) Shakespeare's Cymbeline
- (C) More's Utopia
- (D) Drayton's Poly-Olbion

19. The Tottel's Miscellany was published in

- (A) 1514
- (B) 1547
- (C) 1557
- (D) 1575

20. Who introduced "blank verse" in English poetry?

- (A) Marlowe
- (B) Surrey
- (C) Shakespeare
- (D) Wyatt

21. The "Spenserian stanza" consists of

- (A) Six lines
- (B) Seven lines
- (C) Eight lines
- (D) Nine lines

22. Elizabethan Age in English Literature covers the period of

- (A) 1557-1600
- (B) 1558-1603
- (C) 1558-1606
- (D) 1557-1599

23. Astrophel and Stella is

- (A) A tragedy by Shakespeare
- (B) An epic by Spenser
- (C) A tragedy by Marlowe
- (D) A Sonnet-sequence by Sidney

24. Which of the following plays of Marlowe is based on a German legend?

- (A) Tamburlaine The Great
- (B) The Jew of Malta
- (C) Edward II
- (D) Doctor Faustus

25. The "Marlowian hero" is known for his hunger for
(A) Gold
(B) Power
(C) Knowledge
(D) Peace
26. Which is believed to be the first important revenge tragedy?
(A) Gorboduc
(B) Hamlet
(C) Tamburlaine
(D) The Spanish Tragedy
27. Women Beware Women is one of the masterpieces by
(A) Thomas Middleton
(B) George Chapman
(C) Marston
(D) Thomas Dekker
28. Who completed Hero and Leander started by Christopher Marlowe?
(A) Thomas Kyd
(B) Thomas Middleton
(C) George Chapman
(D) Robert Burton
29. The chief function of literature is to instruct. Who said it?
(A) John Dryden
(B) Sir Philip Sidney
(C) Francis Bacon
(D) Ben Jonson
30. When was Johnson's Dictionary' Published?
A- 1755
B- 1754
C-1756
D-1757
31. Who among the following introduced sonnets?
A- Thomas Wyatt
B- Philip Sidney
C- Shakespeare
D- Spenser
32. The term 'Negative Capability is to associated with
A- John Keats
B- Wordsworth
C- T. S Eliot
D- Shelley
33. The Heroic Couplet was first used by
A- Chaucer

- B- Pope
- C-Dryden
- D-Spenser

34. Who said 'Geography is about Maps, but biography is about chaps'?

- A-Eric Bentley
- B- Ogden Nash
- C- E. E Cummings
- D- Hillarie Belloc

35. "They also serve who stand and wait" are opening lines by

- A- Milton
- B- Aristotle
- C- Shakespeare
- D- None

36. What was the nationality of famous English author, Oscar Wilde?

- A- Irish
- B-German
- C- Italian
- D-French

37. "Frailty, thy name is women." From which Shakespearean play is this line taken?

- A- Hamlet
- B-Tempest
- C-As you like it
- D- King Lear

38. Who wrote Agnes Grey?

- A- Anne Bronte
- B- Jane Austen
- C- Charlotte Bronte
- D- Emily Bronte

39. The Origin of Species was published in

- A- 1859
- B- 1857
- C-1847
- D-1849

40. Arnold mourns the untimely death of — in 'Thyrsis' .

- A- Arthur Hugh Clough
- B- Arthur Hallam
- C-Mr. W.H
- D- None

41. Arnold wrote, "With him is born our real poetry." Who does 'him' refer to?

- A- Chaucer
- B-Shakespeare
- C-Spenser

D-Wordsworth

42. Which version of the Bible did Wycliff make use of for the translation?

- A- Latin
- B-Greek
- C-French
- D-None

43. The Authorised Bible was dedicated to

- A- James 1
- B- Charles 2
- C-Charles 3
- D- Jesus Christ

44.The Beggar's Opera was written by

- A- Matthew Prior
- B- Samuel Butler
- C- John Gay
- D- None

45. When as the Reform Bill passed?

- A- 1832
- B-1831
- C-1834
- D-1830

46. When did W.B Yeats receive the Nobel Prize for literature?

- A-1923
- B-1922
- C-1920
- D-1921

47. Who wrote Sohrab and Rustom?

- A- Keats
- B-Byron
- C-Yeats
- D-Matthew Arnold

48. Alexander Pope was the undisputed master of :

- A- Tragedy
- B- Songs of Nature
- C- Lyrical Poetry
- D- Satiric and Didactic Verse

49. Orwell's Nineteen Eighty Four appears in

- A-1949
- B-1948
- C-1984
- D-1947

50. "Blow, Blow thou winter wind" in As You Like it is sung by

- A- Amiens
- B- Rosalind
- C- Orlando
- D- Gelia

51. Which is John Keats's first poem?

- A- O Solitude
- B- Daffodils
- C- When I have a fear
- D- Endymion

52. When was Spenser's 'Faerie Queene' first published?

- A- 1591
- B- 1590
- C- 1952
- D- 1596

53. How many essays did the final volume of Bacon's Essays contain?

- A- 68
- B- 58
- C- 48
- D- 38

54. Sir Walter Scott wrote

- A- Invisible Man
- B- Trial
- C- The Plague
- D- Ivanhoe

55. Charles Lamb is famous as an author of

- A- Essays of Elia
- B- Sonnets
- C- Tragedy
- D- Blank Verse

56. The Mystery Plays deal with -

- (A) The life and deeds of the saints
- (B) Biblical Themes
- (C) Heaven and Hell
- (D) Moral values

57. The Miracle Plays principally deal with the miracles performed by -

- (A) Saints and Sages
- (B) Magic
- (C) Supernatural powers
- (D) Personified Vices and Virtues

58. Everyman, a famous play of the 15th Century, was a -
(A) Morality Play
(B) Mystery Play
(C) Miracle Play
(D) An Interlude
59. How many Dramatic Unities were recommended by the Greeks ?
(A) One central unity
(B) Two dramatic unities
(C) Three dramatic unities
(D) No number fixed
60. The first tragedy Gorboduc was later given the title -
(A) Gammer Gurton's Needle
(B) Endymion
(C) Corpus Christi
(D) Ferrex and Porrex
61. Which is supposed to be the first regular Comedy in English ?
(A) Jocasta
(B) The English Traveller
(C) Gammer Gurton's Needle
(D) Ralph Roister Doister
62. In which year was the Globe Theatre built ?
(A) 1588
(B) 1598
(C) 1594
(D) 1599
63. In which play is there a 'Casket Scene' ?
(A) Twelfth Night
(B) The Merchant of Venice
(C) The Winter's Tale
(D) The Tempest
64. "Life is a tale, told by an idiot, full of sound and fury", the line occurs in
(A) Julius Caesar
(B) Hamlet
(C) Macbeth
(D) Richard II
65. Cato, a tragedy is written by
(A) Shakespeare
(B) Dryden
(C) Addison
(D) None of these
66. Dryden's All for Love is based on -
(A) Samson Agonistes
(B) Romeo and Juliet

- (C) Casear and Cleopatra
- (D) Antony and Cleopatra

67. Dryden's Mac Flecknoe is a satire on -

- (A) Thomas Otway
- (B) Congreve
- (C) Shadwell
- (D) Wycherley

68. Who is the greatest writer of Masques in English?

- (A) Shakespeare
- (B) Milton
- (C) Ben Jonson
- (D) Daniel

69. Comus was written by

- (A) Dryden
- (B) Milton
- (C) Wordsworth
- (D) Pope

70. In which literary Age did Poetic plays become popular?

- (A) Elizabethan and Caroline Age
- (B) Augustan and Restoration Age
- (C) Romantic and Victorian Age
- (D) Modern Age

71. The third Act 'Don Juan in Hell' occurs in Shaw's -

- (A) St. Joan
- (B) Man and Superman
- (C) Back to Methuselah
- (D) Casear and Cleopatra

72. Riders to the Sea, a very popular one-act tragedy was written by -

- (A) Chekhov
- (B) Miles Malleson
- (C) J. M. Synge
- (D) Edward Percy

73. Between which sets of dates did Chaucer live?

- (A) 1340-1400
- (B) 1345-1400
- (C) 1348-1400
- (D) 1349-1400

74. Chaucer lived during the reigns of

- (A) Edward III and Richard II
- (B) Edward III and Henry IV
- (C) Richard II and Henry IV
- (D) Edward III, Richard II, and Henry IV

75. Which of the following was the closest contemporary of Chaucer?
(A) John Gower
(B) William Langland
(C) Wyclif
(D) John Barbour
76. Who called Chaucer "the Father of English Poetry" ?
(A) Sidney
(B) Spenser
(C) Dryden
(D) Arnold
77. Who described Chaucer as "The Well of English Undeiled"?
(A) Dryden
(B) Spenser
(C) Pope
(D) Sidney
78. "With Chaucer is born our real poetry." Who holds this view?
(A) Matthew Arnold
(B) Spenser
(C) Dryden
(D) Addison
79. "Chaucer found his native tongue a dialect and left it a language." Who makes this observation?
(A) I. A. Richards
(B) F.R. Leavis
(C) Lowes
(D) Walter Pater
80. "Chaucer is the earliest of the great moderns." Who holds this view ?
(A) Dryden
(B) Ben Jonson
(C) T.S. Eliot
(D) Matthew Arnold
81. "If Chaucer is the Father of English Poetry, he is the Grandfather of the English Novel." Who makes this remark?
(A) Walter Pater
(B) Ruskin
(C) G.K. Chesterton
(D) Coleridge
82. Who says about Chaucer's 'Characters'?
"Here is God's plenty."
(A) Dryden
(B) Dr. Johnson
(C) Pope

(D) Coleridge

83. In which month did Chaucer's pilgrims go on their pilgrimage ?

- (A) January
- (B) February
- (C) March
- (D) April

84. How many pilgrims in Chaucer's Canterbury Tales are going on the pilgrimage?

- (A) 27
- (B) 29
- (C) 28
- (D) 31

85. Sons and Lovers is a novel by

- (A) Thomas Hardy
- (B) Charles Dickens
- (C) D H Lawrence
- (D) None of these

86. How many ecclesiastical characters are portrayed in the Prologue?

- (A) Five
- (B) Six
- (C) Seven
- (D) Eight

87. How many women characters figure in the at Prologue to the Canterbury Tales ?

- (A) One
- (B) Two
- (C) Three
- (D) Four

88. What is the name of Inn where the pilgrims assemble for the night in Canterbury Tales?

- (A) Southwark Inn
- (B) Temple Inn
- (C) Tabard Inn
- (D) St. Becket Inn

89. Which one Tale in Chaucer's Canterbury Tales is in prose?

- (A) The Pardoner's Tale
- (B) The Parson's Tale
- (C) The Monk's Tale
- (D) The Knight's Tale

90. The Renaissance Period started in:

- (A) 14th century
- (B) 15th century
- (C) 16th century
- (D) 17th century

91. In English literature the period from 1400 to 1600 is called
(A) The Renaissance Period
(B) The Puritan Age
(C) The Restoration Period
(D) The Romantic Period
92. Renaissance means:
(A) Revival of learning
(B) Rebirth
(C) Both A and B
(D) None of these
93. The Period followed by the Middle Ages in Europe was:
(A) The Restoration Period
(B) The Age of Johnson
(C) The Renaissance Period
(D) The Middle Age
94. The Renaissance first began in:
(A) France
(B) Spain
(C) Italy
(D) Germany
95. In which fields did the Renaissance begin in Italy?
(A) Art
(B) Architecture
(C) Both A and B
(D) Science
96. The country which became the most powerful nation in Europe in the late sixteenth century is:
(A) France
(B) Italy
(C) England
(D) Spain
97. When did the fall of Constantinople occur?
(A) 1452 A.D
(B) 1453 A.D
(C) 1454 A.D
(D) 1456 A,D
98. During Revival of Learning, what changes took place in Europe?
(A) Book were printed
(B) philosophy, science and arts were systematised
(C) Both A and B
(D) None of these
99. Who started the Humanism movement in the 14th century?

- (A) Dante
 - (B) Petrarch, Boccaccio
 - (C) Both A and B
 - (D) Thomas Moore
100. "Utopia", written in Latin is the literary work of:
- (A) Shakespeare
 - (B) Ben Johnson
 - (C) Sir Thomas More
 - (D) John Lyly
101. "Defence of Poesy", is the literary work by
- (A) Spenser
 - (B) Sir Philip Sidney
 - (C) William Shakespeare
 - (D) Alexander Pope
102. The author of "Euphues" in prose writing during the Renaissance Period was
- (A) Spenser
 - (B) John Lyly
 - (C) Sidney
 - (D) Robert Greene
103. Who wrote his "Arcadia", in the form of fiction in Renaissance Period?
- (A) Sir Phillip Sidney
 - (B) John Lyly
 - (C) William Shakespeare
 - (D) Thomas Nashe
104. Which is the oldest period in English Literature?
- (A) Anglo-Norman
 - (B) Anglo-Saxon
 - (C) Chaucer's Period
 - (D) Middle
105. Which one of the following is first long poem in English?
- (A) The Wanderer
 - (B) Beowulf
 - (C) The Seafarer
 - (D) Dream of the Road
106. Who is the 'University Wits' in the following list?
- (A) William Shakespeare
 - (B) Thomas Gray
 - (C) Robert Greene
 - (D) John Dryden

107. Which period is known as 'the golden age' of English Literature?

- (A) Victorian age
- (B) Eighteenth century
- (C) Restoration
- (D) Elizabethan Age

108. Who wrote the play "A Mid Summer Night's Dream"?

- (A) Ben Jonson
- (B) John Dryden
- (C) William Shakespeare
- (D) None of these

109. Shakespeare is known mostly for his

- (A) poetry
- (B) novels
- (C) autobiography
- (D) plays

110. Which of the following is a play by Shakespeare

- (A) King Lear
- (B) The Duchess of Malfi
- (C) Candida
- (D) Waiting for Godot

111. Which of the following plays is by William Shakespeare?

- (A) Desire Under the Elms
- (B) Measure for Measure
- (C) Pygmalion
- (D) Cocktail Party

112. A sonnet is a poem of

- (A) 12 lines
- (B) 24 lines
- (C) 14 lines
- (D) 10 lines

113. "Twelfth Night" is

- (A) a comedy
- (B) an elegy
- (C) a novel
- (D) a tragedy

114. Which book is a tragedy?

- (A) Hamlet
- (B) Measure for Measure
- (C) As you like it
- (D) She stoops to conquer

115. Which is not true of an English sonnet?
(A) It has fourteen lines
(B) It has fourteen syllables in each line
(C) It has five feet in each line
(D) It is written in iambic pentameter lines
116. The play "Romeo and Juliet" was written by-
(A) Charles Dickens
(B) William Shakespeare
(C) Jane Austen
(D) Michael Madhusudan
117. William Shakespeare is not the author of—
(A) Titus Andronicus
(B) Taming of the Shrew
(C) The White Devil
(D) Hamlet
118. The poem "Under the Green Wood Tree" was written by
(A) William Wordsworth
(B) Robert Browning
(C) William Shakespeare
(D) Ralph Hodgson
119. Which of the following is a comedy written by Shakespeare?
(A) Macbeth
(B) King Lear
(C) As You Like It
(D) Hamlet
120. Which is known as Shakespeare's Swansong?
(A) Hamlet
(B) Macbeth
(C) The Tempest
(D) Twelfth Night
121. "To be or not to be that is the question." From which play has this line been taken?
(A) Macbeth
(B) Merchant of Venice
(C) Tempest
(D) Hamlet
122. Shakespeare was born in the year
(A) 1540
(B) 1564
(C) 1340
(D) 1610

123. In which year did Shakespeare die?

- (A) 1570 AD
- (B) 1580 AD
- (C) 1630 AD
- (D) 1616 AD

124. The Old Wives Tale was written by

- (A) George Peele
- (B) Thomas Kyd
- (C) John Lyly
- (D) None of these

125. Which among the following plays by Christopher Marlowe has epic features?

- (A) Tamburlaine
- (B) Edward II
- (C) Doctor Faustus
- (D) Hero and Leander

126. Novum Organum is the book written by

- (A) Bacon
- (B) Thomas Deloney
- (C) Thomas Watson
- (D) Watson

127. "I have taken all knowledge for my province" was said by

- (A) Bacon
- (B) Ben Johnson
- (C) Robert Greene
- (D) Thomas Kyd

128. Who was the leader of metaphysical poets?

- A. John Donne
- B. George Herbert
- C. Herrick
- D. Henry Vaughan

129. Who used the term "metaphysical" in his essay on Abraham Cowley in his Lives of the Poets?

- A. Ben Johnson
- B. Dr. Johnson
- C. John Donne
- D. John Dryden

130. The metaphysical poets were:

- A. honest, original thinkers
- B. analysed their feelings and experience, hoped for immortality
- C. both A and B
- D. None of these

131. Metaphysical poets were perversely strange and strained, was remarked by:
- A. Herrick
 - B. Dr. Johnson
 - C. Ben Johnson
 - D. None
132. In which kind of poems, John Donne broke away from the Petrarchan model so popular among the Elizabethan poets and expressed the experience of love in a realistic manner?
- A. Amorous
 - B. Metaphysical
 - C. Satirical
 - D. None of these
133. On account of his metrical roughness, obscurity, ardent imagination, taste for metaphysics and unexpected divergence into sweet and delightful music, John Donne has often been compared to
- A. Browning
 - B. Henry Vaughan
 - C. Robert Herrick
 - D. None of these
134. "The Flaming Heart" is the best work by
- A. George Herbert
 - B. Richard Crashaw
 - C. Robert Herrick
 - D. Abraham Crowley
135. Which metaphysical poet was a mystic like Richard Crashaw?
- A. George Herbert
 - B. Robert Herrick
 - C. Henry Vaughan
 - D. None of these
136. Among metaphysical poets, who is famous for his "Pindaric Odes", which influenced English poetry throughout the eighteenth century?
- A. Henry Vaughan
 - B. Robert Herrick
 - C. Abraham Cowley
 - D. George Herbert
137. Who composed these lines? :
- "Annihilating all that's made
To a green thought in a green shade"
- A. Donne
 - B. Herbert
 - C. Vaughan
 - D. Marvell

138. William Blake's *Song of Innocence* came out in

- A. 1776
- B. 1789
- C. 1787
- D. 1784

139. Blake's *Songs of Innocence and of Experience* was published in

- A. 1794
- B. 1789
- C. 1788
- D. 1802

140. Which of the following was Blake's first volume of poems?

- A. *Songs of Innocence*
- B. *Songs of Experience*
- C. *The Book of Thel*
- D. *Poetical Sketches*

141. "Tyger! Tyger! burning bright" appears in

- A. *Songs of Experience*
- B. *Song of Innocence*
- C. *The Poetical Sketches*
- D. *The Book of Urizen*

142. Blake's dictum that Milton was "a true poet and of the devil's party without knowing it" appears in

- A. *Milton*
- B. *The Marriage of Heaven and Hell*
- C. *Jerusalem*
- D. *Europe*

143. "Without contraries no progression" appears in

- A. Blake
- B. Milton
- C. Shelley
- D. Keats

144. *Lyrical Ballads* was published in

- A. 1789
- B. 1798
- C. 1799
- D. 1788

145. Preface to *Lyrical Ballads* was written by

- A. S.T Coleridge
- B. Wordsworth
- C. Both
- D. None

146. "Michael" of Wordsworth was
A. included in Lyrical Ballads
B. was not included in Lyrical Ballads
C. was included later in Lyrical Ballads
D. was never included in Lyrical Ballads

147. Which of the following poems is a part of Lyrical Ballads
A. Immortality Ode
B. Kubla Khan
C. Christabel
D. Tintern Abbey

148. The Prelude was published in
A. 1850
B. 1805
C. 1851
D. 1815

149. Who said? "We hate poetry that has a palpable design up us."
A. Coleridge
B. Blake
C. Southey
D. Keats

150. Wordsworth's first publication was
A. An Evening Walk and Descriptive Sketches
B. Poetical Sketches
C. Lyrical Ballad
D. Eclectically Sonnet

151. Who defines poetry as "a spontaneous overflow of powerful feelings."
A. Coleridge
B. Wordsworth
C. Keats
D. Shelley

152. Who among the following still hears "the sad music of humanity"?
A. Hardy
B. Arnold
C. Wordsworth
D. Shelley

153. "To me the meanest flower that blows can give/ Thoughts that do often lie too deep for tears." These lines are from
A. Immortality Ode
B. Dejection: An Ode
C. In Memoriam
D. Dover Beach

154. Who wrote the poem “The Rime of Ancient Mariner”?
- A. Wordsworth
 - B. Byron
 - C. Coleridge
 - D. Shelley
155. Which of the following poems of Coleridge uses the myth of Lamia and Vampire?
- A. Christabel
 - B. The Rime of Ancient Mariner
 - C. Frost at Midnight
 - D. The Knight’s Tomb
156. Who wrote Biographia Literaria?
- A. S. T Coleridge
 - B. Wordsworth
 - C. Shelley
 - D. Byron
157. Which poem of Byron makes him famous overnight?
- A. Childe Harold
 - B. Hours of Idleness
 - C. The Siege of Corinth
 - D. None of these
158. “She Walks in Beauty” is a poem by
- A. Byron
 - B. Keats
 - C. Shelley
 - D. Browning
159. Which of the poem of Byron is considered the greatest?
- A. Don Juan
 - B. Beppo
 - C. The Prisoner of Chillon
 - D. The Vision of Judgement
160. Which of the following works of Byron is not a play?
- A. The Vision of Judgement
 - B. Manfred
 - C. Cain
 - D. Marino Faliero
161. Who wrote the “The Necessity of Atheism”?
- A. Shelley
 - B. Hardy
 - C. Browning
 - D. Keats
162. Shelley’s poem, ‘Queen Mab’ is one of his
- A. Early Poems

- B. Middle Poems
- C. Later Poem
- D. None

163. Which one of the following works of Shelley is a poetic drama?

- A. The Cenci
- B. The Revolt of Islam
- C. Prometheus Unbound
- D. None

164. Shelley based his poem Prometheus Unbound on an ancient play by

- A. Aeschylus
- B. Seneca
- C. Euripedes
- D. Sophocles

165. "If winter comes, can spring be far behind" appears in

- A. Ode to the West Wind
- B. To Autumn
- C. The Cloud
- D. To A Skylark

166. Shelly wrote Adonais on the death of

- A. Keats
- B. Byron
- C. Scott
- D. Southey

167. "Our sweetest songs are those tell us the saddest thoughts "comes from

- A. Shelley
- B. Keats
- C. Hardy
- D. Byron

168. A Defence of Poetry was written by

- A. Shelley
- B. Wordsworth
- C. Burke
- D. Byron

169. Who wrote "Imitation of Spenser"?

- A. Keats
- B. Tennyson
- C. Shelley
- D. Browning

170. "On First Looking into Chapman's Homer" is about

- A. Chapman's translation of Homer
- B. Art of poetry
- C. Homer

D. Chapman

171. Which poem of Keats opens with "A thing of beauty is a joy forever."

- A. Endymion
- B. Ode to Grecian Urn
- C. Ode to Night angle
- D. Sleep and Poetry

172. Which of the following poems of Keats is based on a tale from Boccaccio?

- A. Isabella or The Pot of Basil
- B. Endymion
- C. The Eve of Saint Mark
- D. The Eve of St. Agnes

173. Keats' Hyperion is written in the epic style of

- A. Milton
- B. Virgil
- C. Homer
- D. Spenser

174. Which poem of Keats borrows its story from Burton's 'The Anatomy of Melancholy'?

- A. Lamia
- B. Endymion
- C. Hyperion
- D. Isabella

175. If poetry does not come as naturally as the leaves of a tree it had better not come at all,
This statement comes from

- A. Shelley
- B. Wordsworth
- C. Coleridge
- D. Keats

176. Which among the following is known as the peasant poet?

- A. John Clare
- B. Thomas Hood
- C. Thomas Moore
- D. James Hog

177. John Clare is best known for which of the following

- A. The Village Minstrel
- B. The Shepherd Calendar
- C. Poems Descriptive of Rural Life and Scenery
- D. The Rural Muse

178. Who is known for the Waverley Novels?

- A. Jane Austen
- B. Thomas Hardy
- C. Sir Walter Scott
- D. Charles Dickens

179. The title of Scott's novel, *The Heart of Midlothian* is derived from

- A. Castle in Windsor
- B. Palace in London
- C. School in London
- D. Prison in Edinburg

180. Walter Scott is known as the father of

- A. Historical Novel
- B. Biographical Novel
- C. Gothic Novel
- D. Realistic Novel

181. Who wrote *Lives of the Novelists*?

- A. Walter Scott
- B. John Sutherland
- C. Jane Austen
- D. George Eliot

182. Who wrote the *Life of Nelson*?

- A. Walter Scott
- B. John Sutherland
- C. Lord Byron
- D. Robert Southey

183. Jane Austen first novel was

- A. *Pride and Prejudice*
- B. *Emma*
- C. *Persuasion*
- D. *Sense and Sensibility*

184. Which of the following novel by Jane Austen was posthumously published?

- A. *Northanger Abbey*
- B. *Mansfield Park*
- C. *Emma*
- D. None of these

185. Maria Edgeworth's first novel is

- A. *Castle Rackrent*
- B. *The Absence*
- C. *Ormond*
- D. *Patronage*

186. *Dream Children: A Reverie* was written by

- A. William Hazlitt
- B. William Blake
- C. Robert Burns
- D. Charles Lamb

187. Confessions of an English Opium Eater was written by

- A. S.T Coleridge
- B. Thomas De Quincey
- C. Thomas Hood
- D. Charles Lamb

188. Who wrote the Recollections of the Lake Poets?

- A. Southey
- B. Wordsworth
- C. Coleridge
- D. Thomas De Quincey

189. Who held “three inches of ivory” as an appropriate canvas for a novelist?

- A. Walter Scott
- B. Maria Edworth
- C. Virginia Woolf
- D. Jane Austen

190. Who claimed that “Poets are the unacknowledged legislators of the world”?

- A. John Dryden
- B. P.B Shelley
- C. Samuel Johnson
- D. Mathew Arnold

191. Who considered “three or four families in a country village” as an ideal subject for the novel?

- A. Virginia Woolf
- B. Maria Edworth
- C. George Eliot
- D. Jane Austen

192. Who among the following is not a member of the Cockney School of poetry

- A. John Keats
- B. Leigh Hunt
- C. Lord Byron
- D. William Hazlitt

193. Who were the Lake poets?

- A. Wordsworth, Coleridge, Southey
- B. Dryden, Pope, Johnson
- C. Gray, Collins, Burns
- D. Tennyson, Arnold, Browning

194. What historical movement sparked the Romantic Movement?

- A. French Revolution
- B. World War 2
- C. Political Affairs
- D. The Vietnam War

195. Who termed Romantic age as the age of Wordsworth?
A. Ben Johnson
B. Saintsbury
C. Crompton Rickett
D. Louis Cazamian
196. Wordsworth focuses more on
A. Beauty
B. Nature
C. Imagination
D. None of these
197. Coleridge focuses more on
A. Beauty
B. Imagination
C. Supernatural Elements
D. None of them
198. Wordsworth is also called
A. Poet and Prophet of Nature
B. Son of Nature
C. Lyrical Singer
D. Impressive Bard
199. "Water, water everywhere, nor any drop to drink" forms the part of a poem by
A. S.T Coleridge
B. Wordsworth
C. Keats
D. Shelley
200. Dryden's poem, "Mac Flecknoe" is a
A. Satire
B. Song
C. A mock heroic poem
D. Both A and C
201. Who said about Keats, "He is with Shakespeare."?
A. Coleridge
B. Matthew Arnold
C. Hazlitt
D. Ruskin
202. Madeline is the heroine of Keats's narrative poem
A. The Eve of St. Agnes
B. Hyperion
C. Endymion
D. None
203. Dryden and Shadwell had many disagreements, but what was their main political disagreement?

- A. Dryden was a Protestant, while Shadwell was a Catholic.
- B. Dryden supported the monarchy, while Shadwell was a Whig.
- C. Dryden was a Democrat, while Shadwell was a Tory.
- D. None of these

204. Who is considered as the greatest poet of the Classical period?

- A. Edward Young
- B. Alexander Pope
- C. John Gay
- D. Leigh Hunt

205. Pope was ___ years old when he published his 'Essay on Criticism'?

- A. 23
- B. 22
- C. 25
- D. 27

206. Which is a 'mock heroic' poem by Pope?

- A. The Rape of the Lock
- B. Essay on Criticism
- C. Dunciad
- D. None of these

207. Who had perfected the heroic couplet, and made use of his technical skill in translating Homer's Iliad and Odyssey?

- A. Dryden
- B. John Gay
- C. James Thomas
- D. Pope

208. Which is Pope's greatest satire in which he attacked all sorts of literary incompetence?

- A. The Rape of the Lock
- B. The Dunciad
- C. The Essay on Man
- D. None of these

209. Who is the supreme master of the epigrammatic style of condensing an idea into a line or couplet?

- A. Thomas Parnell
- B. Dr. Johnson
- C. James Thomas
- D. Alexander Pope

210. Who was the master of vivid description of rural scenes as well of the delights of the town?

- A. Shakespeare
- B. John Gay
- C. Matthew Prior
- D. None of these

211. Who were the followers of Pope, and after Pope, they were the two excellent guides to the life of eighteenth century London?

- A. Matthew Prior and John Gay
- B. John Gay and Edward Young
- C. Thomas Parnell and Matthew Prior
- D. None

212. Edward Young's best-known work is:

- A. The Rape of the Lock
- B. The Seasons
- C. Night Thoughts on Life and Death
- D. All of the above

213. "Night Thoughts" by Edward Young is written in:

- A. Heroic Couplet
- B. Blank Verse
- C. An Epic poem
- D. None

214. The Jacobean era ended with a severe economic depression in 1620-1626, complicated by a serious outbreak of ----- in London in 1625.

- A. Cholera
- B. Tuberculosis
- C. Bubonic Plague
- D. Plague

215. The Jacobian era refers to a period of time in the early 17th century in which of the following countries?

- A. Jordan
- B. England
- C. Italy
- D. France

216. Famous satiric drama, Volpone is written by?

- A. Sir Walter Scot
- B. Christopher Marlowe
- C. Ben Jonson
- D. Richard Sheridan

217. Milton was appointed --- in Cromwell's government in 1694.

- A. Secretary to Foreign Affairs
- B. Poet Laureate
- C. Secretary to Education Department
- D. Secretary for Foreign Tongues

218. Who wrote: "That's my last Duchess painted on the wall."?

- A. Lord Byron
- B. Oscar Wilde
- C. Robert Browning

D. William Wordsworth

219. Which book is not written by Jane Austen?

- A. Sense and Sensibility
- B. Emma
- C. Pride and Prejudice
- D. Wuthering Heights

220. Who was the leader of the Pre-Raphaelite group?

- A. D.G Rossetti
- B. Christina Rossetti
- C. Swinburne
- D. Morris

221. Who is the author of 'The Blessed Damozel'?

- A. D. G Rossetti
- B. Tennyson
- C. Robert Browning
- D. Christina Rossetti

222. Who is the author of Aurora Leigh?

- A. Elizabeth Barrette Browning
- B. Swinburne
- C. Tennyson
- D. Christina Rossetti

223. The basic theme of Arnold's literature and dogma is

- A. Theology
- B. Contemporary Literary Criticism
- C. Social Changes in Victoria
- D. Art and Literature

224. Arnold's Culture and Anarchy was published in

- A. 1859
- B. 1869
- C. 1879
- D. 1889

225. Which of the following novel is called a "Novel without a hero"?

- A. Mill on the Floss
- B. Pickwick Paper
- C. Northanger Abbey
- D. Vanity Fair

226. What is meant by Wessex?

- A. The region in which Hardy's novels are set
- B. The region where the Bronte Sisters lived
- C. The home town of George Eliot
- D. The name of a region in Scotland

227. George Eliot's novel, Romola is a
A. historical Novel
B. religious Novel
C. Gothic Novel
D. picaresque Novel

228. George Eliot was the pen name of
A. Mary Collision
B. Mary Ann
C. Lara Evans
D. None

229. Charles Dickens left one novel unfinished. Which one is that?
A. Dombey and Son
B. Our Mutual Friends
C. Edwin Drood
D. None

230. Who wrote "If God did not exist, it would be necessary to invent Him?"
A. Voltaire
B. Ruskin
C. Rousseau
D. None

231. Tennyson was appointed as the Poet Laureate after
A. Robert Browning
B. Robert Southey
C. S.T Coleridge
D. William Wordsworth

232. In "In Memoriam" Tennyson mourns the death of
A. Keats
B. Arthur Hallam
C. Hugh Clough
D. Lord Byron

233. Who defines poetry as 'a criticism of life, under the condition fixed for such a criticism by the laws of poetic truth and poetic beauty.'
A. Coleridge
B. Matthew Arnold
C. Wordsworth
D. Shelley

234. In which of Hardy's novels the scene of wife's auction takes place?
A. The Mayor of Casterbridge
B. Return to the Native
C. Jude the Obscure
D. Tess

235. In which novel does Hardy say "Happiness is but an occasional episode in the general drama of pain"?

- A. The Return of the Native
- B. Tess
- C. Jude of Obscure
- D. The Mayor of Casterbridge

236. Hardy believes in the philosophy of

- A. Immanent Will
- B. Character is Destiny
- C. Free Will
- D. Man is the master of his own fate

237. Which of the following poets says "Nature, red in tooth and claw"?

- A. Tennyson
- B. Thomas Hardy
- C. Rudyard Kipling
- D. W.E. Henley

238. Which of the following novel of Charles Dickens is autobiographical?

- A. David Copperfield
- B. Hard Times
- C. Pickwick Papers
- D. A Tale of Two Cities

239. Who is the author of the novel, No Name?

- A. Anne Bronte
- B. Wilkie Collins
- C. Charles Kingsley
- D. Mrs Elizabethan Gaskell

240. Who is the author of Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde?

- A. George Meredith
- B. Charles Reade
- C. Charles Kingsley
- D. R.L. Stevenson

241. In Dickens' A Tale of Two Cities, cities refer to

- A. London and Paris
- B. Rome and Paris
- C. Athens and Paris
- D. Berlin and Paris

242. "God's in his Heaven/ All's right with the world!" is taken from

- A. The Portrait
- B. Even Hope
- C. Life in Love
- D. Pippa Passes

243. "Truth sits upon the lips of dying men." In which poem by Matthew Arnold does this line occur?

- A. Rugby Chapel
- B. Thyrsis
- C. Scholar Gypsy
- D. Sohrab and Rustum

244. Who is the author of Origin of Species?

- A. Charles Darwin
- B. Lord Tennyson
- C. Mathew Arnold
- D. Charles Dickens

245. Which of the following was the most popular form of literature during the Victorian Age?

- A. Poetry
- B. Novel
- C. Prose
- D. Drama

246. Lord Tennyson was appointed Poet Laureate in

- A. 1850
- B. 1860
- C. 1870
- D. 1880

247. The characters, Maggie Tulliver and Tom Tulliver appear in

- A. Adam Bede
- B. Middlemarch
- C. The Mill on the Floss
- D. Daniel Deronda

248. Which of the following is George Eliot's last novel?

- A. Daniel Deronda
- B. Middlemarch
- C. Adam Bede
- D. The Mill on The Floss

249. Which of the following is Dickens' first novel?

- A. The Pickwick Papers
- B. Oliver Twist
- C. Hard Times
- D. Bleak House

250. Ulysses is a novel authored by

- A. Thomas Hardy
- B. James Joyce
- C. Henry James
- D. None

251. London town is found a living being in the work of
A. Charles Dickens
B. D. H Lawrence
C. W. Congreve
D. Thomas Hardy
252. 'A song embodying religious and scared emotion' is known as
A. Ode
B. Lyrics
C. Ballad
D. Hymn
253. Who wrote the poem, 'Ulysses'?
A. Alfred Tennyson
B. Robert Browning
C. George Eliot
D. Charles Dickens
254. Which of the following poems is composed by Sir Walter Scott?
A. Patriotism
B. The Patriot
C. A Frosty Night
D. None
255. Tennyson wrote
A. Dover Beach
B. My Last Duchess
C. The Lotos-eaters
D. None
256. Which one of the following poems is written by Browning?
A. Two Voices
B. Andrea del Sarto
C. The Scholar Gipsy
D. None
257. The poem, 'The Patriot' is written by
A. Alfred Tennyson
B. John Donne
C. Matthew Arnold
D. Robert Browning
258. The Scholar Gipsy was written by
A. Matthew Arnold
B. Robert Browning
C. W. B Yeats
D. Alfred Tennyson
259. Matthew Arnold belongs to
A. Modern Age

- B. Romantic Age
- C. Puritan Age
- D. Victorian Age

260. Who wrote 'Far From the Madding Crowd'?

- A. Thomas Hardy
- B. Elizabeth Gaskell
- C. Sir Walter Scott
- D. R.L Stevenson

261. "Wuthering Heights" is a ----

- A. Poetry
- B. Story
- C. Novel
- D. Drama

262. "Candia" is a play which discusses the problem of

- A. Death
- B. Love
- C. Life
- D. Marriage

263. "The Return of the Native" is written by

- A. Thomas Hardy
- B. Alexander Dumas
- C. Somerset Maugham
- D. Aldous Huxley

264. To whom did T.S Eliot dedicate The Waste Land?

- A. Bernard Shaw
- B. Rudyard Kipling
- C. Ezra Pound
- D. John Ruskin

265. To whom did T.S Eliot dedicate his Prufrock and Other Observations?

- A. F.R Leavis
- B. Jean Verdenal
- C. Ezra Pound
- D. W.B Yeats

266. In which verse form is T.S Eliot's The Waste Land written?

- A. Free Verse
- B. Blank Verse
- C. Sprung Rhythm
- D. None

267. The novel "Emma" is written by

- A. Agatha Christi
- B. Emile Bronte
- C. Jane Austen

D. George Eliot

268. In which play of Christopher Marlowe Gaveston is a character?

- A. Edward II
- B. Dr. Faustus
- C. The Jew of Malta
- D. None

269. In which play does George Bernard Shaw discuss his theory of Life Force?

- A. Arms and the Man
- B. Man and Superman
- C. Saint Joan
- D. Major Barbara

270. What is the central theme of the play The Apple Cart?

- A. The Working of Democracy
- B. The working of Autocracy
- C. The working of Monarchy
- D. The working of Theocracy

271. In which Shaw's play does the "Chocolate Cream Soldier" appear?

- A. Candida
- B. St. Joan
- C. Man and Superman
- D. Arms and the Man

272. At least in which one of the following respects, was Shaw a greater dramatist than Shakespeare?

- A. Shaw was a greater social critic than Shakespeare
- B. Shaw has a more variety of characters than Shakespeare
- C. Shaw was more entertaining than Shakespeare
- D. None of these

273. What is the central theme of Shaw's Mrs. Warren's Profession?

- A. Social Service
- B. Prostitution
- C. Problem of Orphans
- D. Nursing Profession

274. Which one of the following Shaw's plays was proscribed on the charge of obscenity? W

- A. Mrs. Warren's Profession
- B. Widower's House
- C. The Philanderer
- D. Heartbreak House

275. Who wrote Modern Love, a collection of poems?

- A. Dante Gabriel Rossetti
- B. Oscar Wilde
- C. George Meredith
- D. Algernon Charles Swinburne

276. Elizabeth Gaskell's, novel "Mary Barton" is sub-titled
- A. A Tale of Manchester Life
 - B. The Two nation
 - C. A Story of Provincial Life
 - D. The Factory Girl
277. The Term 'Curtal Sonnet' was coined by
- A. Gerard Manley Hopkins
 - B. Robert Browning
 - C. William Blake
 - D. John Milton
278. What was the first literary experiment of Charles Dickens?
- A. Sketches By Boz
 - B. Reprinted Piece
 - C. The Mudfog Paper
 - D. The Infomercial Traveller
279. What is the sub-title of 'Oliver Twist'?
- A. The Progress of a Boy
 - B. The Paris Boy's Progress
 - C. The Life and Adventure
 - D. A Tale of Progress
280. Which of the following worked as an editor of the Cornhill Magazine?
- A. George Eliot
 - B. George Meredith
 - C. Thomas Hardy
 - D. W M Thackeray
281. Wuthering Heights was published in
- A. 1846
 - B. 1884
 - C. 1847
 - D. 1886
282. Which of the following Tennysonian poems is a Dramatic Monologue?
- A. Tithonus
 - B. In Memoriam
 - C. Crossing The Bar
 - D. The Charge of the Light Brigade
283. Which play of Wilde has the subtitle 'A Trivial Comedy for Serious People'?
- A. The Importance of Being Earnest
 - B. A woman of No Importance
 - C. An Ideal Husband
 - D. None
284. How many years did Tennyson take in completing In Memoriam?

- A. Ten Years
- B. Eleven Years
- C. Six Years
- D. Seventeen Years

285. Tennyson's 'Maud' is a

- A. monodrama
- B. narrative
- C. play
- D. None

286. When Tennyson died, a copy of Shakespeare's play was found lying under the cover of his bed. The play was

- A. Cymbeline
- B. King Lear
- C. Hamlet
- D. The Tempest

287. Tennyson has written a poem on a city of India, namely ____.

- A. Delhi
- B. Lucknow
- C. Calcutta
- D. Jhansi

288. Who wrote "A Passage to India"?

- A. Thomas Hardy
- B. Charles Dickens
- C. E M Forster
- D. None

289. Rudyard Kipling was born and educated in

- A. Calcutta
- B. Bombay
- C. Madras
- D. None

290. Who wrote the novel, Kim?

- A. Daniel Defoe
- B. Charles Dickens
- C. Rudyard Kipling
- D. None

291. Who wrote The Jungle Book?

- A. Daniel Defoe
- B. Rudyard Kipling
- C. Charles Dickens
- D. None

292. D H Lawrence died of

- A. Tuberculosis

B. Malaria

C. Plague

D. Cholera

293. Lady Chatterley's Lover was written by

A. Daniel Defoe

B. Rudyard Kipling

C. Charles Dickens

D. D H Lawrence

294. Who wrote? - "All I want is to answer to my blood?"

A. Thomas Hardy

B. D H Lawrence

C. George Eliot

D. None

295. Robinson Crusoe is written by

A. Daniel Defoe

B. Charles Dickens

C. Rudyard Kipling

D. None

296. T. S. Eliot was awarded Nobel Prize in

A. 1958

B. 1948

C. 1938

D. None

297. Robinson Crusoe was published in

A. 1719

B. 1727

C. 1737

D. None

298. Which among the following was written by Daniel Defoe?

A. The Rainbow

B. Moll Flanders

C. A Passage to India

D. None

299. Which of the following poems is composed by W. B. Yeats?

A. The Second Coming

B. The Hollow Men

C. To the Skylark

D. None

300. W. B. Yeats was awarded Nobel Prize in

A. 1926

B. 1925

C. 1924

D. 1923
